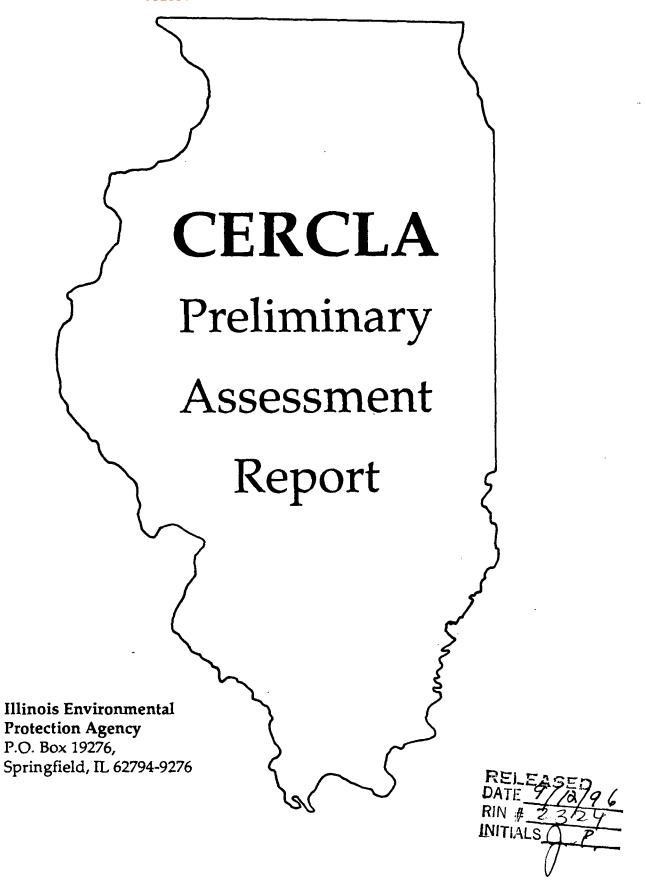


0312400009 - Cook County Palos Forest Preserve, Site A/Plot M ILD 984903286 Suparfund/828





Confidential Material May be Enclosed

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Palos Forest Preserve was placed on the Comprehensive
Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information
System (CERCLIS) on July 20, 1992. This discovery action was
taken because meetings and communications between the U.S.
Department of Energy - Chicago Office (DOE), the Illinois
Department of Nuclear Safety (IDNS) and the Illinois
Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) resulted in the need for a
CERCLA investigation and Hazard Ranking Score of the site. The
Preliminary Assessment is performed under the authority of the
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability
Act of 1980 as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986.

#### 2. SITE INFORMATION

Palos Forest Preserve is located just east of the confluence of the Des Plaines River and the Calumet Sag Channel in Cook County. The towns of Willow Springs to the northeast, and Hickory Hills and Palos Hills to the east border the forest preserve. The streets that border the forest preserve are Archer Avenue to the north and west, 107th Street to the south and Wolf Road to the east. The actual site consists of about 25 acres in areas called Site A and Plot M. Site A and Plot M are both surrounded by wooded areas of the forest preserve. The sites specific location is described as the southeast quarter of Section 12, southwest quarter of Section 7, northeast quarter of

Section 13 and the northwest quarter of Section 18, Township 37 North, Range 11 East.

Palos Forest Preserve consists mainly of forested land with occasional small ponds, wetlands and grassy areas. Site A is approximately 19 acres of forested land which is located on a rolling upland and is surrounded by a few topographic depressions. Site A and its surrounding land are enclosed by an approximately eight-foot high chain link fence. Plot M is an approximately one acre topographically level grassy area which is bordered by intermittent streams on its eastern and western sides. It is surrounded on all sides by forested land. Plot M is located approximately 2000 feet north of Site A. Figures 2-1 through 2-5 on the following pages show the site and its surroundings.

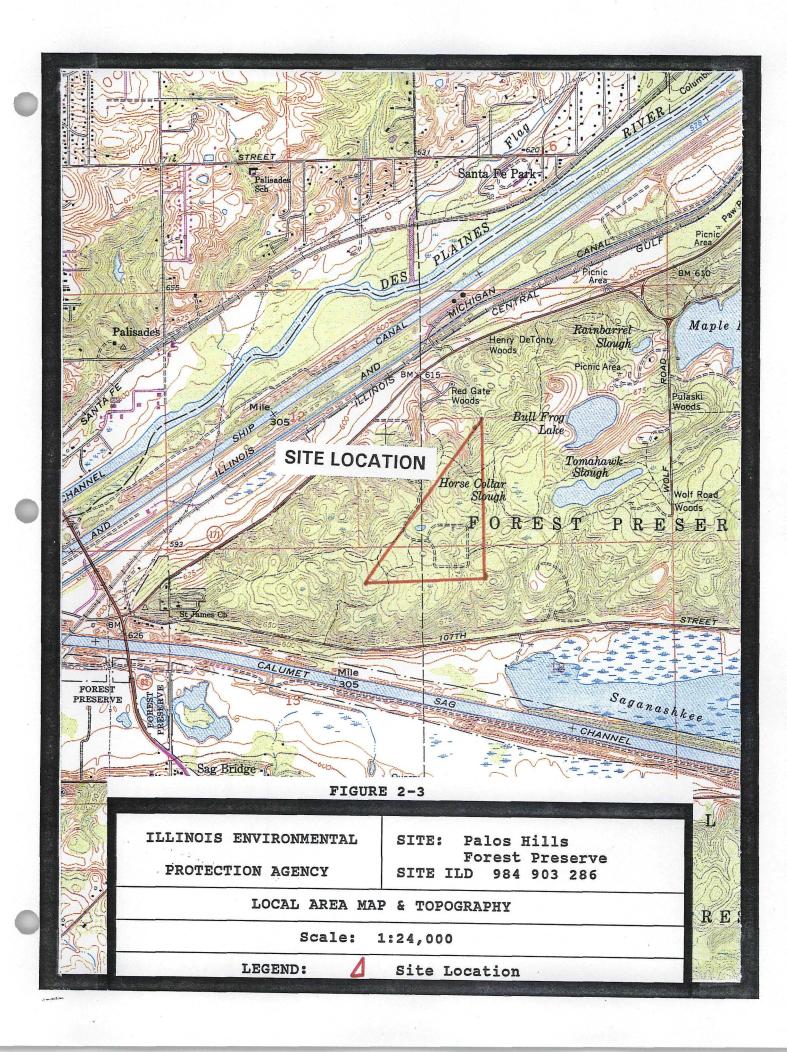




FIGURE 2-1

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

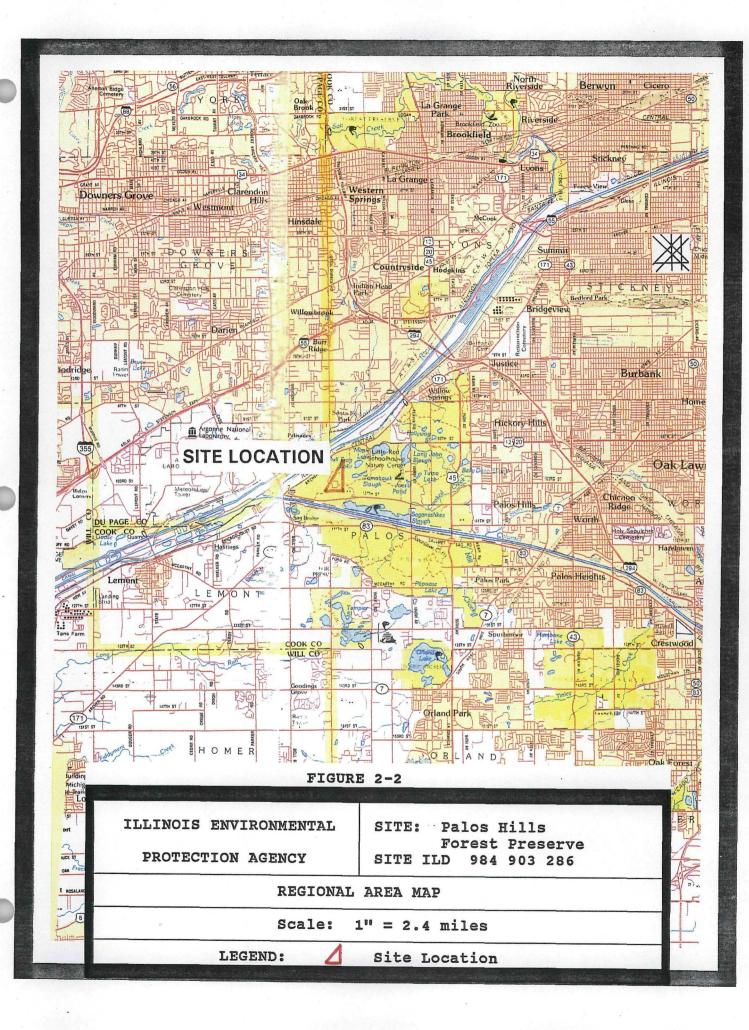
SITE: Palos Hills Forest Preserve SITE ILD 984 903 286

ILLINOIS STATE MAP

LEGEND:

0

Site Location

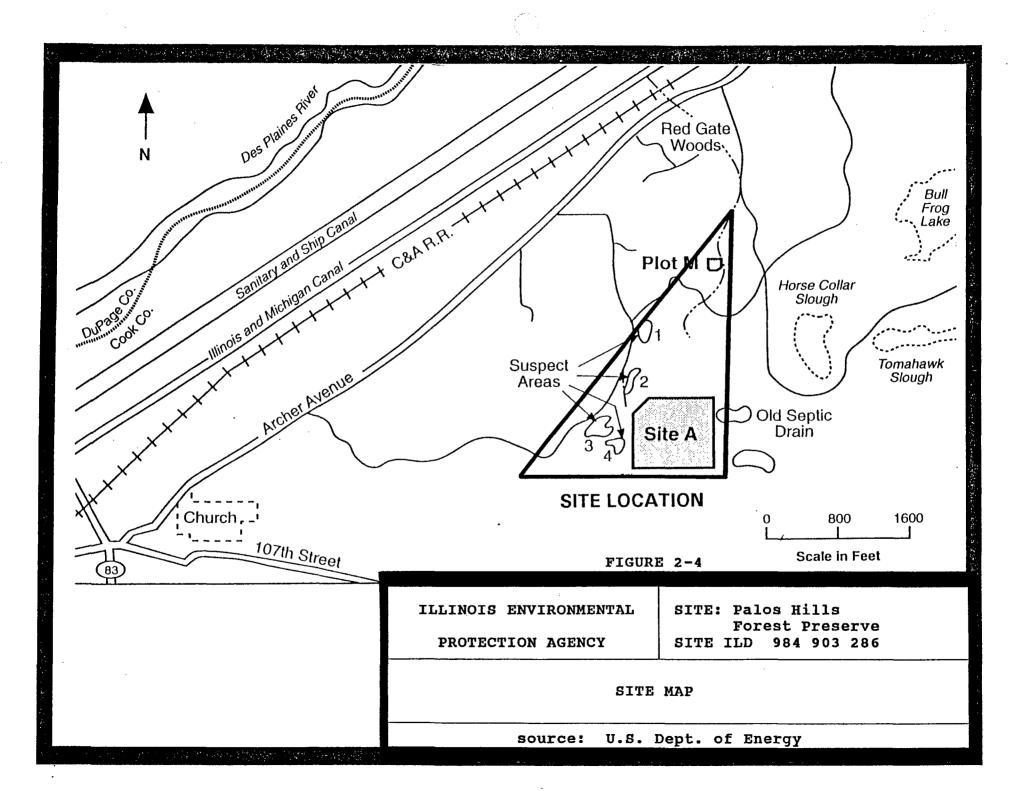


#### 3. SITE HISTORY

#### 3.1 Background Historical Information

In July 1942, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers leased 1,025 acres of land within the Palos Forest Preserve from the Forest Preserve District of Cook County. The areas which were used were called Site A and Plot M along with supporting roads and trails for access to and around the sites. This amounted to only about 25 acres of the original 1,025 leased. The land was needed for highly secret research and development work under the Manhattan Project (the name given to the U.S. effort during World War II to develop the first atomic bomb). The Manhattan project was conducted in many universities and research centers around the United States. The institution working on this project in the Chicago area was called the Metallurgical Laboratory, which was managed by the University of Chicago. The Palos Forest Preserve site was acquired as a place to build the first controlled, selfsustaining nuclear reactor and carry out research involving the reactor. Because of its seclusion and distance from the crowded Chicago metropolitan area, the site was thought to be an ideal location. However, because of time pressures, Enrico Fermi and his colleagues actually built the first reactor on the University of Chicago campus in November 1942. The reactor was named Chicago Pile-1 (CP-1), and it achieved the first controlled, self-sustaining nuclear chain reaction on December 2, 1942.

The following tells of DOE's activities at the Palos Forest Preserve. Site A refers to the 19-acre experimental area which



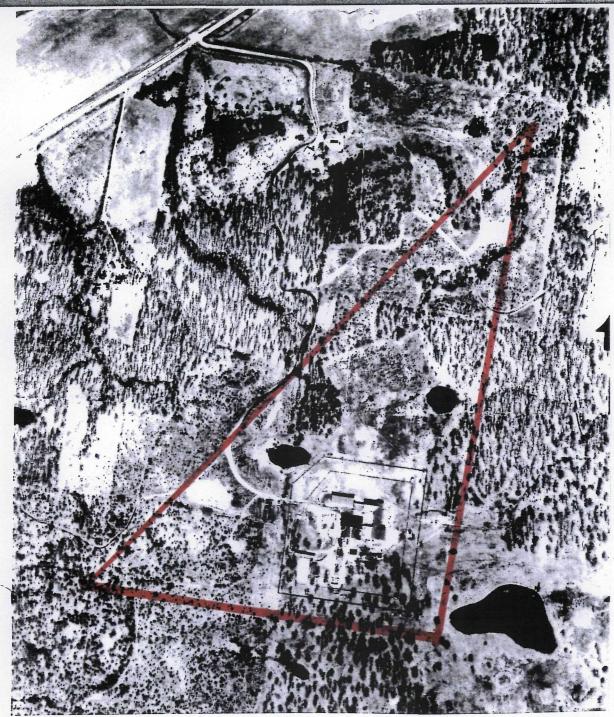


FIGURE 2-5

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL

PROTECTION AGENCY

SITE: Palos Hills Forest Preserve SITE ILD 984 903 286

1946 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

LEGEND:

Site Location

contained two nuclear reactors and associated buildings and laboratories, while Plot M refers to a one-acre radioactive waste burial site located about 2,000 feet north of Site A.

#### 3.2 History of Site A

Early in 1943, the CP-1 reactor at the University of Chicago was disassembled, moved to Site A, rebuilt as CP-2, and placed into operation. CP-2 was constructed with graphite blocks and natural uranium embedded in graphite blocks. The reactor had a concrete shield to reduce the radiation levels around it. The overall dimensions of the reactor, including the shield, were 30' x 32' x 25.5' high. It was cooled by natural-convection ambient air and usually operated at around 2 kW thermal power.

Construction began in September 1943 on a new reactor at Site A. This second reactor, named CP-3 started operation on May 15, 1944. As with CP-2, CP-3 was fueled with natural uranium, but heavy water was used to cool the reactor (as opposed to air cooling in CP-2) and to slow down the energetic neutrons (as opposed to graphite in CP-2). The reactor consisted of an aluminum tank, six feet in diameter and eight feet ten inches high, which was filled with approximately 6.5 tons of heavy water. In this tank were suspended 120 uranium metal rods with aluminum cladding. The rods were 1.1 inches in diameter and six feet long. On the bottom and sides, the reactor vessel was surrounded by a 2 foot thick layer of graphite. The graphite reflected some of the escaping neutrons back into the vessel. A 4 inch thick thermal shield made of a lead-cadmium alloy

surrounded the graphite reflector and fit snugly against an eight-foot thick concrete shield that encased the entire reactor. The top of the reactor was shielded by a thin layer of cadmium, 1 foot of lead, and a four foot thick cover consisting of alternate layers of steel and compressed wood fiber.

CP-3 was dismantled in January 1950 because of suspected corrosion of the aluminum cladding of some of the fuel rods, and the natural uranium fuel was replaced with highly enriched uranium. The new fuel rods, which contained a total of 4.5 kg of highly enriched uranium, were made of a 2% uranium-98% aluminum alloy. Each fuel rod was .85 inches in diameter and 5.5 feet long. The new reactor was named CP-3'and began operation in May 1950.

Among the programs carried out at Site A during and after World War II were fission product separations, reactor physics studies, tritium recovery from irradiated lithium, metallurgical studies and the metabolism of radionuclides in laboratory animals.

In 1947, the present DuPage County site of the Argonne National Laboratory (ANL) was obtained and by 1949 the first permanent buildings at this location were completed. As the facilities at ANL were completed, the programs were transferred from Site A to ANL.

#### 3.3 History of Plot M

Plot M was used for the burial of radioactive waste both from the University of Chicago Metallurgical Laboratory and Site

A operations from about May 1944 to May 1949. During the first several years of operations, radioactive materials, both solid and liquid, in glass and metal containers were placed in the bottom of six-foot deep trenches. Soil was used to cover the material to reduce the surface radiation, and then additional radioactive material was placed on top of the original and layered, then covered. This procedure was continued until the trench was full. During early 1948, material was placed into steel bins, which were placed in the trenches and covered with soil. The burial area eventually covered an area 150 feet by 140 feet. No precise inventory of the buried material is available.

During 1949, bins were removed to search for some missing uranium-235, which was found. The bins were not reburied, but shipped to the present ANL-site. After this work was completed, burial at Plot M was discontinued and the Plot was covered with additional soil and seeded with a grass cover.

Plot M remained in this condition until the spring of 1956, when an inverted concrete box was constructed to cover the entire burial plot. The concrete sidewalls were extended eight feet into the ground and a one-foot thick concrete slab was placed over the entire area. The concrete was covered with two feet of soil, grass was seeded, and an inscribed granite marker was placed in the center of Plot M. The purpose of the concrete barrier was to protect the contents and impede the flow of water through the buried radioactive materials. The decision to decommission the Plot in this way was made after considering

alternative methods, including removal of the contents of the burial plot.

#### 3.4 Site A/Plot M History Since 1956

In 1947, a revised lease agreement with the Cook County
Forest Preserve District made it necessary to completely return
the leased land to the forest preserve district by June 30, 1956.
As part of the revised lease, it was necessary for DOE to
"remove, destroy, or render harmless any or all installations,
structures, appurtenances, materials, or conditions of the ground
or terrain which shall be dangerous, perilous, or hazardous in
nature or which, if permitted to remain, would interfere with the
full use and enjoyment of the said premises by the public as a
part of the Forest Preserve District". In the spring of 1955,
work to comply with these requirements was begun.

As programs were moved to ANL, the empty buildings were surveyed, decontaminated if necessary, and razed. The buildings housing CP-2 and CP-3' were the only areas requiring extensive decontamination. The reactors were dismantled, the heavy water was removed and the fuel shipped to Oak Ridge National Laboratory for reprocessing. The tank which had contained the heavy water in the CP-3' reactor was filled with concrete. The space between the tank and biological shield was also filled with concrete, into which was dumped hardware, piping and miscellaneous contaminated items. A 40-foot deep excavation was dug next to the CP-3' containment shell, and with the use of explosives, the reactor shell was tumbled into the pit. The shell was covered

with CP-2 and CP-3' building rubble and then dirt. After demolition was completed at Site A, the area was graded and an inscribed granite marker was placed near the location of the buried reactor.

By the summer of 1956, all demolition and restoration work was complete at both Site A and Plot M. All personnel were removed and the sites were given back to the Cook County Forest Preserve District.

The site remained in this condition until 1973 when monitoring detected tritium in the Red Gate Woods picnic wells. Since this time, DOE has been collecting and analyzing about 400 samples from on and around the site annually, mainly for radionuclides. Included in this monitoring program has been groundwater, surface water, soil and air samples. In 1990, surface contamination was discovered near Site A and a surficial site characterization program was begun to identify the full extent of residual radioactivity and possible chemical contamination on and near Site A.

At the end of 1992, three environmental groups (Greenpeace, USA and Broken Arrow of Willow Springs) commissioned SEARCH Technical Services to conduct an environmental study of the site. This study reported the presence of surficial contamination in the form of a contaminated graphite brick and soil contaminated with cesium-137 and called for a cleanup of the site. Although the results of this study did not contradict with the results obtained by DOE and did not identify any new sources of

contamination there was much publicity about the SEARCH report. Following this, the Cook County Board President requested that areas where contamination was found be fenced off from the public. DOE responded by enclosing Site A with an eight-foot high chain link fence.

To further understand the potential risk of the site to human health and the environment, extensive subsurface characterization activities are scheduled to begin by DOE in the Fall of 1993.

#### 4. SITE RECONNAISSANCE

An on-site reconnaissance inspection was conducted on July 7, 1993 by Mr. Peter Sorensen and Mr. Mark Weber of the IEPA's Site Assessment Program. The inspection was conducted to identify site conditions, surrounding land uses, potential targets of concern and site topography. Prior to visiting the site, Mr. Sorensen met with Mrs. Sue Nielson and Mr. James Paulson of the U.S. Department of Energy. Mrs. Nielson is heading DOE's environmental investigation of the site and Mr. Paulson is the program manager of the environmental restoration division. The history of the site and the general procedures of the Preliminary Assessment process were discussed. Following this, the site was inspected and photographs were taken to characterize the site and to identify potential sources and targets of contamination.

The site reconnaissance revealed that the Palos Forest

Preserve consists mainly of forested land with occasional ponds,
wetlands and grassy areas located on it. Site A is forested land
which is located on a rolling upland and is surrounded by a few
topographic depressions. The surface water drainages from Site A
appear to lead to Horse Collar Slough, Saganashkee Slough and the
I & M Canal. Site A and its surrounding land are enclosed by an
approximately eight foot high chain link fence. Plot M is a
topographically level grassy area which is bordered by
intermittent streams on its eastern and western sides. It is
surrounded on all sides by forested land. Plot M is located
approximately 2000 feet north of Site A.

#### 5. Potential Sources of Contamination

Several potential sources of contamination exist within Plot M/Site A at the Palos Forest Preserve. These include several landfills, contaminated soil and underground storage tanks. The following briefly describes these potential sources of contamination.

#### 5.1 Landfills

A. Plot M. Plot M was used as a landfill for radioactive wastes from Site A and the Metallurgical Laboratory in Chicago from about May 1944 to May 1949. Until April of 1946 both solid and liquid radioactive wastes were disposed of at Plot M but at

that time the disposal of liquid wastes was discontinued. Groundwater and subsurface soil samples in addition to nearby stream samples have indicated that contaminants have migrated from Plot M.

- B. Buried reactor shield. On November 3, 1956 the buildings that housed CP-3' and the concrete shield of CP-2 were demolished and buried. Some of the buried reactor parts would be radioactive. Tritiated water has been found in soil bores taken from around the burial site.
- C. Other suspected landfills. Six other areas with surficial disturbances have been preliminarily identified as potential past disposal areas. These have been identified from aerial photographs from the 1940's and 1950's. These areas may or may not have received radioactive or other hazardous waste.

#### 5.2 Contaminated Soil

Surficial soil samples have indicated that several areas of contaminated surficial soil exist within Site A. Residual soil contamination occurs around some of the former building sites and other areas within Site A. In addition, a drain field where laboratory wastewater was drained without any treatment exists that may have contributed to contaminating areas of soil. Surficial soil samples taken on the drain field indicated that low levels of uranium-238 were present. In addition to this, soil erosion around Plot M may eventually expose contamination at the surface of the plot.

#### 5.3 Underground Storage Tanks

Four suspected underground storage tank areas (tank suspect areas 1-4) have been tentatively identified within Site A. They have been identified in various ways including historic aerial photos and ground penetrating radar. No information exists on whether the suspected tanks are completely empty or partially full, nor are the characteristics of the constituents inside the tanks known.

#### 6. EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

#### 6.1 Groundwater Pathway

The geology of the Palos Hills area generally consists of glacial till overlying dolomite bedrock. According to borings conducted on-site in 1976 and well logs, the glacial till is approximately 140 feet thick in the Plot M area and 170 feet thick in the Site A area and consists of two tills: Malden Till and the overlying Wadsworth Till. The Wadsworth Till Member is a dense clayey silt, with numerous thin lenses and layers of sand and gravel in the upper 25 to 35 feet. The Malden Till Member contrasts with the Wadsworth Till as it consists mainly of sandy silt and gravel. The bedrock immediately underlying the glacial drift is a Silurian dolomite. There are no impermeable layers located between the land surface and the Silurian dolomite.

There are a few sections in this geologic sequence that are capable of producing water for well use. The shallowest

possibility is the sand layers that are located within the top 25 to 35 feet of the Wadsworth Till. Another groundwater possibility is within the saturated silt, sand and gravel of the Malden Till near the bedrock. In addition, joints and fractures within the dolomite bedrock are capable of providing water in the Palos Forest Preserve area.

Groundwater use within four miles of the site is limited to private wells and non-community public water supplies. The reason for this is that all of the towns within this distance utilize surface water from Lake Michigan for their municipal water supplies. There are several private wells located within the Forest Preserve that serve visitors. The one closest to the site is a well located in the Red Gate Woods approximately 1200 feet to the north of Plot M. This well draws water from the dolomite and is utilized by visitors of the Forest Preserve. The closest well that serves a permanent resident is located approximately one mile to the west of the site at the St. James Church. This well serves one permanent resident as well as the church's congregation.

In November 1973, tritium was detected in a hand-pumped water well located in the Red Gate Woods picnic area approximately 1200 feet north of Plot M. Periodic sampling of the forest preserve wells began shortly after this discovery. In addition, numerous monitoring wells have been drilled and utilized around Plot M and between Plot M and the Red Gate Woods picnic area. These wells have monitored the groundwater from the

upper and lower glacial till along with the water from the underlying dolomite. The primary focus of the sampling program has been the analysis of radionuclides, especially tritium. The results of the sampling program has shown that the shallow glacial till aquifer beneath Plot M has been significantly contaminated with tritium while the lower glacial till and dolomite aquifers have been contaminated by tritium but to a much lesser extent.

Sampling information on groundwater at Site A is limited to data from one well that is finished in the dolomite aquifer.

Samples from this well have detected low levels of tritium.

#### 6.2 Surface Water Pathway

Palos Forest Preserve is located between two major drainageways. The Des Plaines River to the north and the Saganashkee Slough in the south both lie within a mile of Site A/Plot M. Within the two valleys, three canals have been constructed: the Illinois and Michigan Canal (I & M Canal) and the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal along the Des Plaines River valley, and the Calumet Sag Channel in the Saganashkee Slough.

Surface water runoff from Plot M and Site A take different routes. Plot M is drained by two intermittent streams that flow along the eastern and western sides of the plot. The eastern one, the Red Gate Woods Stream, is narrow and deeply incised near Plot M. The intermittent stream to the west of Plot M is unnamed and joins the Red Gate Woods Stream before it empties into the I

& M Canal in the Des Plaines River valley. Three drainageways originate from Site A and drain to different areas. The eastern one most likely drains into Horse Collar Slough. The southeastern drainage drains in a southerly direction into the Saganashkee Slough. The third one drains the area northwest of Site A and empties into the I & M Canal.

Since the spring of 1976, surface water and sediment samples have been taken from various points around and downstream of Plot M, mainly in the Red Gate Woods Stream, and analyzed for tritium. These samples have detected elevated concentrations of tritium in the surface water and sediment with the highest concentrations being found nearest to Plot M and from a water seep that emerges from next to the plot and enters the Red Gate Woods Stream.

Since 1990, surface water and sediment samples have been collected from the water bodies around Site A and analyzed for radionuclides. The water bodies include Saganashkee Slough, Horse Collar Slough, and three small ponds northeast, northwest and southeast of the site. No elevated levels of radionuclides have been detected in the water body samples, except on one occasion when cesium-137 was found at low levels in the pond northeast of Site A. The sediment samples have detected radionuclides slightly above background levels in several of the water bodies. In addition to these samples, surface water runoff samples have been taken near tiles northeast of Site A that drain a portion of the site and near the entrance to the forest preserve on Archer Avenue. The samples collected from the

entrance have detected elevated levels of tritium while the water samples collected from the confluence of the tiles have detected low concentrations of tritium.

Several targets exist along these surface water routes. The I & M Canal and Saganashkee Slough are used as local fisheries and for other recreational purposes. Several wetlands exist in the vicinity of the site that may receive contaminated runoff. These include Horse Collar Slough and Saganashkee Slough in addition to several smaller, unnamed wetlands. Illinois Department of Conservation records indicate that the state endangered Pied-billed Grebe is known to occur at Saganashkee Slough.

#### 5.3 Air Pathway

There have been no documented or suspected releases of contaminants to the air from Plot M/Site A. The site is well vegetated with trees and grasses, thus reducing the potential for a release of particulate contaminants to the air. Several wetlands and the state endangered Pied-billed Grebe exist within one mile of the site. No residences, schools or daycare facilities exist within 200 feet of the site.

#### 6.4 Soil Exposure Pathway

Due to the fact that Plot M was capped with concrete and clean soil, surficial soil contamination most likely does not exist at Plot M at this time. However, natural erosional processes and/or vandalism of the Plot M cover could result in the contaminated soils beneath the site becoming exposed, allowing the public to come into contact with the contaminants. In addition, groundwater that has been contaminated by Plot M has been found to enter the Red Gate Woods Stream through a seep. This water may have contaminated the sediment of the intermittent stream and visitors may come into contact with it.

Site A differs with Plot M in that radioactive contaminants have been found near the ground surface. At the present time, forest preserve visitors cannot come into contact with the contaminants because the Department of Energy has enclosed the site with a eight foot high chain link fence, limiting access of the public.

Numerous soil samples have been collected at Plot M but they have been from bore holes rather than surficial samples. In the summer of 1990, a radiological survey was carried out and slightly higher levels of gamma radiation than background were detected at the surface of Plot M.

Numerous surficial soil samples have been collected at Site
A since 1976 and a radiological survey was conducted in 1990.
These studies have revealed that several locations exist at Site
A that contain surficial radioactive contamination. In addition,

the environmental report written by SEARCH Technical Services in 1992 reported the presence of surficial contamination in the form of a contaminated graphite brick and soil contaminated with cesium-137.

The only targets for the soil exposure pathway are the forest preserve visitors. Plot M and Site A are both located in areas of the forest preserve that are not developed, thus limiting the number of people that go to those locations. However, there are hiking and cross country skiing trails throughout the preserve that allow access to the sites. The closest residence to the site is located approximately one mile to the west. No schools or daycare facilities exist within 200 feet of the property.

# SDMS US EPA Region V

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		Format.
Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:  APPENDIX A – SITE #-MILE RADIUS MAP; APPENDIX B – SITE 15-MILESURFA	Due to certain scanning	

# APPENDIX A SITE FOUR-MILE RADIUS MAP

# APPENDIX B SITE 15-MILE SURFACE WATER MAP

# APPENDIX C SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

DATE: 7/8/93 | SITE ILD#: 984903286 COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Fence that encloses Site A.

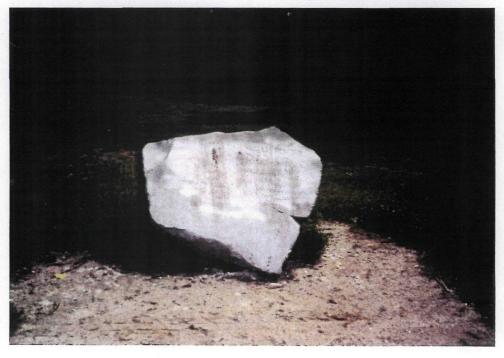


DATE: 7/8/93

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Marker that tells
history of first
nuclear reactor
that was at
Site A.



DATE: 7/8/93 SITE ILD#: 984903286 COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Suspect Area # 3.



DATE: 7/8/93

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Suspect Area #3.



DATE: 7/8/93 | SITE ILD#: 984903286 COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Suspect Area # 4.



DATE: 7/8/93

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Some Reactor remains of CP3.



DATE: 7/8/93

SITE ILD#: 984903286

COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Warning marker telling of Plot



DATE: 7/8/93

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:



DATE: 7/8/93 SITE ILD#: 984903286 COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Plot M.



DATE: 7/8/93

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Plot M.



DATE: 7/8/93

SITE ILD#: 984903286

COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Red Gate Woods



7/8/93 DATE:

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Red Gate Woods well.



DATE: 7/8/93 SITE ILD#: 984903286 COUNTY: Cook

SITE NAME: Palos Hills Forest Preserve

PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY: P. Sorensen

COMMENTS:

Sign located in
Red Gate Woods
Picnic area telling
of the past
history of Site A
& Plot M& the work
being done now.



DATE:	7/8/93
	RAPH TAKEN . Sorensen
COMMEN	TS:

No Photo

# APPENDIX D U.S. EPA FORM 2050

Page: 1

OMB Approval Number: 2050-0095 Approved for Use Through: 4/95 IDENTIFICATION POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS State: CERCLIS Number: 984903286 WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM CERCLIS Discovery Date: 7-20-92 1. General Site Information Street Address: Red Gate Woods Palos Hills Forest Preserve State: Zip Code: County: Co. Cong IL 60465 Cook Code: Dist 031 05 | Co. | Cong. Palos Hills |Code: Dist: Latitude: Longitude: Approx. Area of Site: Status of Site: 41 40' 0.0" 87 53' 0.0" 25 acres Inactive Owner/Operator Information Operator: Cook Co. Forest Preserve District U.S. Dept. of Energy Street Address: Street Address: 9800 S. Cass Ave. Red Gate Woods, Archer Ave. \_\_\_\_\_\_ City: City: Argonne Palos Hills State: Zip Code: Telephone: State: Zip Code: Telephone: IL 60465 How Initially Identified: Citizen Complaint Type of Ownership: County

Page: 2

DOMENMETAL HAZADDOME		1	ID:	ENTIFICATI	ON
POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE	r		State:	CERCLIS 9849032	
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT	FORM			Discovery 7-20-92	Date:
3. Site Evaluator Information					
Name of Evaluator: Peter Sorensen	Agency, IEPA	Organization:		Date Pre   8-16-9	•
Street Address: 2200 Churchill Rd.		City:   Springfield			State: IL
Name of EPA or State Agency Co Tom Crause	ontact:	Telephone: 217/782-676	0		
Street Address: 2200 Churchill Rd.		City: Springfield			State: IL

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS		IDENTIFICATION
		State:   CERCLIS Number:
WASTE SITE		IL   984903286
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM	CERCLIS Discovery Date: 7-20-92	
5. General Site Characteristics		
Predominant Land Uses Within   Site Set   1 Mile of Site:   Rural	_	Years of Operation: Beginning Year: 1943 Ending Year: 1954
Type of Site Operations:		Waste Generated: Onsite
		Vaste Deposition Authorized By: Former Owner
	W	Vaste Accessible to the Public Yes
		Distance to Nearest Dwelling, School, or Workplace: 4000 Feet
6. Waste Characteristics Information		
Source Type Quantity Ties Landfill 1.00e+00 acres A Contaminated soil 7.80e+00 acres A Non-drum containers 1.00e+03 gals V	Metal Solve	.s
Tier Legend C = Constituent W = Wastestream V = Volume A = Area	Physica Solid Liqui	

Page: 4

DOMESMITAL HAZADO	IDENTIFICATION		
POTENTIAL HAZARDO WASTE SITE	State:   CERCLIS Number:   IL   984903286		
PRELIMINARY ASSES	CERCLIS Discovery Date: 7-20-92		
7. Ground Water Pathway	7. Ground Water Pathway		
Is Ground Water Used for Drinking Water Within 4 Miles: No	Is There a Suspected Release to Ground Water: Yes	List Secondary Target Population Served by Ground Water Withdrawn From:	
Type of Ground Water Wells Within 4 Miles: Private	Have Primary Target Drinking Water Wells Been Identified: No	0 - 1/4 Mile 0 >1/4 - 1/2 Mile 0 >1/2 - 1 Mile 3	
Depth to Shallowest Aquifer: 55 Feet Karst Terrain/Aquifer		>1 - 2 Miles 3 >2 - 3 Miles 3 >3 - 4 Miles 3	
Present: No	Area: None within 4 Miles	Total 12	

Page: 5

IDENTIFICATION POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS State: CERCLIS Number: 984903286 WASTE SITE CERCLIS Discovery Date: PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM 7-20-92 \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Surface Water Pathway Part 1 of 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Type of Surface Water Draining Shortest Overland Distance From Any Site and 15 Miles Downstream: Source to Surface Water: Stream River 50 Feet 0.0 Miles Is there a Suspected Release to | Site is Located in:
Surface Water: Yes | > 500 yr floodplain -3. Surface Water Pathway Part 2 of 4 Drinking Water Intakes Along the Surface Water Migration Path: No Have Primary Target Drinking Water Intakes Been Identified: No Secondary Target Drinking Water Intakes: None

Page: 6

#### PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets Palos Hills Forest Preserve - 09/22/93

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS

WASTE SITE

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM

IDENTIFICATION

State: | CERCLIS Number:

IL984903286

CERCLIS Discovery Date:

7-20-92

8. Surface Water Pathway

Part 3 of 4

Fisheries Located Along the Surface Water Migration Path: Yes

Have Primary Target Fisheries Been Identified: Yes

Secondary Target Fisheries: None

#### 8. Surface Water Pathway

Part 4 of 4

Wetlands Located Along the Surface Water Migration Path? (y/n) Yes Have Primary Target Wetlands Been Identified? (y/n)

Secondary Target Wetlands: None

Other Sensitive Environments Along the Surface Water Migration Path: Yes

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Have Primary Target Sensitive Environments Been Identified: Yes

Secondary Target Sensitive Environments: None

Page: 7

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS

WASTE SITE

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM

State: | CERCLIS Number: 1L 984903286

CERCLIS Discovery Date:

7-20-92

9. Soil Exposure Pathway

Are People Occupying Residences or Attending School or Daycare on or | Number of Workers Onsite: None Within 200 Feet of Areas of Known. or Suspected Contamination: No

Have Terrestrial Sensitive Environments Been Identified on or Within 200 Feet of Areas of Known or Suspected Contamination: No

10. Air Pathway

<b>-</b>	Within:	Is There a Suspected Release to Air:	No
Onsite	U		
0 - 1/4 Mile	0	Wetlands Located	
>1/4 - 1/2 Mile	0	Within 4 Miles of the Site:	NO
>1/2 - 1 Mile	78		res
>1 - 2 Miles	1300		
>2 - 3 Miles	13000	Other Sensitive Environments Located	
>3 - 4 Miles	25000	Within 4 Miles of the Site:	Yes
Total	39378	State endangered species	

Sensitive Environments Within 1/2 Mile of the Site:

Distance Sensitive Environment Type/Wetlands Area(acres) 0 - 1/4 Habitat for Federally designated endangered/threatened species

# APPENDIX E SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

#### References

- 1. Illinois Department of Conservation, Review of Sensitive Environments, August 25, 1993.
- 2. Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety, Review comments of SEARCH environmental report, January 20, 1993.
- 3. Illinois State Geological Survey, "Bedrock Aquifers of Northeastern Illinois", Circular 406, 1966.
- 4. Illinois State Geological Survey, "Geology, Hydrology, and Water Quality of the Cambrian and Ordovician Systems in Northern Illinois", Cooperative Groundwater Report 10, 1985.
- 5. Illinois State Geological Survey, "Groundwater Possibilities in Northeastern Illinois", Circular 198, 1955.
- 6. Illinois State Geological Survey, "Rock Stratigraphy of the Silurian System in Northeastern and Northwestern Illinois", Circular 479, 1973.
- 7. Illinois State Water Survey, Well Logs, February 17, 1993.
- 8. SEARCH Technical Services, "Reactor Remains in Palos Park, Illinois", December 1, 1992.
- 9. Site visit by Mr. Peter Sorensen on July 7, 1993.
- 10. United States Department of Energy, "Environmental Review for Site A/Plot M, Palos Forest Preserve, Cook County, Illinois", June, 1993.
- 11. United States Department of Energy, "Surveillance of Site A and Plot M, Report for 1989", 1989.
- 12. United States Department of Energy, "Surveillance of Site A and Plot M, Report for 1990", 1990.
- 13. United States Department of Energy, "Surveillance of Site A and Plot M, Report for 1991", 1991.
- 14. United States Department of Energy, "Surveillance of Site A and Plot M, Report for 1992", 1992.
- 15. United States Geological Survey, Topographic Map, Sag Bridge, IL, 1973.
- 16. United States Geological Survey, Topographic Map, Palos Park, IL, 1980.

- 17. United States Geological Survey, Topographic Map, Hinsdale, IL, 1980.
- 18. United States Geological Survey, Topographic Map, Berwyn, IL, 1980.
- 19. United States Department of the Interior, National Wetland Inventory Maps, IL, 1988.



Brent Manning Director

John W. Comerio **Deputy Director** 

Bruce F. Clay **Assistant Director**  LINCOLN TOWER PLAZA • 524 SOUTH SECOND STREET • SPRINGFIELD 62701-1787 CHICAGO OFFICE . ROOM 4-300 . 100 WEST RANDOLPH 60601

January 27, 1993

Mr. Pete Sorensen LPC/IEPA P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Re:

ILD #0312400009

Palos Hills Forest Preserve

Dear Mr. Sorensen:

Per you January 11, 1993 request the Department has completed its review on the above named CERCLIS Project.

Our review indicates:

- There are no sensitive resources (form attached) on site or in the 0-1/4, 1/4-1/2 mile radius of the site. Within the 1/2-1 mile radius a small portion of the Paw Paw Woods Natural Area is located in the NE 1/4 of Sec. 7, T37N, R12E.
- Along the water pathway, two natural areas are located adjacent to the I & M Canal. Lockport Prairie East Natural Area includes 53 acres in Section 27, T36N, R10E. Leafy Prairie-clover, listed as endangered at both the state and federal levels, grows at Lockport Prairie East. The Lemont East Geological Area is located in Section 15, T37N, R11E. This natural area is an abandoned quarry that shows an outstanding example of the Sugar Run trilobite fauna. No listed species are known from this natural area.
- A brochure on the Illinois & Michigan Canal State Trail is attached for your information.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Acting Chief

Division of Impact Analysis

RWL:mcp

attachments: Sensitive resources form

I & M Canal brochure

DEPORTMENT OF CONSERVATION IDENTIFICATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVE AREAS

1L10# 0312A00009

---- = More Khown in DVA

TARGET DISTANCE CATEGORIES

On-site	0-1/4 mile	1/4-1/2 mile	stream milage
			*
_			
			<u></u>
		ſ	*
		_	
-			
_			*
		_	

If any of the sensitive areas identified above exist within the designated target distance limits, please post an asterisk  $(\times)$  in the appropriate column.

Brent Manning, Director

John W. Comerio, Deputy Director

Bruce F. Clay, Assistant Director

August 23, 1993

Mr. Pete Sorensen LPC/IEPA P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, IL 62794-9276 RECEIVED

AUG 25 1993

IEPA/DLPG

Re: ILD #984903286

Palos Forest Preserve

Cook County

Dear Mr. Sorensen:

In response to your July 28, 1993 letter, the Department has reviewed the noted CERCLIS project in Cook County, Illinois.

We have determined there are no sensitive resources (form attached) on-site or in the 0-1/4, 1/4-1/2 mile radius. Within the 1 mile radius the state endangered Pied-billed Grebe is known to occur at Saganashkee Slough, T37N, R12E, Sec. 17.

There are no sensitive species occurrences along the I & M Canal waterpath. Listed species and nature preserves are present along the Des Plaines River. If information on these occurrences is needed please advise.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment.

Sincerely

Richard W. Lutz

Acting Chief

Division of Impact Analysis

RWL:mcp

attachment: sensitive resources form

Printed on Recycled Paper

#### DEPHRIMENT OF CONSERVATION IDENTIFICATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVE AREAS

1LD# 984903286

- = more known from and

HIRGET DISTUNCE CHIEGORIES JOMCHNAI WOUNDAH stream milage SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS On-site | U-1/4 mile | 174-172 mile Critical habitat for Federally designated or proposed 1. endangered or threatened species 11. Habitat known to be used by Federally designated or proposed endangered or threatened species III. State wildlife refuge IV. Spawning areas critical for the maintenance of fish/ shellfish species within a river system Terrestrial areas utilized by large or dense aggregations of verbebrate animals for breeding VI. Habitat known to be used by State designated or threatened species VII. Habitat known to be used by a species under review as to its Federal endangered or threatened status VIII. State lands designated for wildlife or game management State designated natural area Particular areas, relatively small in size, important to the maintenance of unique biotic communities

If any of the sensitive areas identified above exist within the designated target distance limits, please prod an asterisk (\*) in the appropriate column.

STATE OF ILLINOIS Number 2
DEPARTMENT OF NUCLEAR SAFETY

1035 OUTER PARK DRIVE SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62704

Jim Edgar Governor 217-785-9900 217-782-6133 (TDD)

Thomas W. Ortciger Director

January 20, 1993

Ms. Anna B. Ashcraft
Chief Attorney
Forest Preserve District of Cook County
Room 307- Richard J. Daley Center
Chicago, Illinois 60602

Dear Ms. Ashcraft:

Your letter of December 11, 1992, relative to the SEARCH Technical Services report on the Palos Forest Preserve was forwarded to me at the Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety (IDNS) by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for reply.

As IDNS is the lead State agency for radioactive contamination issues, this office has reviewed the subject report and prepared a set of comments. In summary, we found that the study did not result in any new findings and did not directly answer the stated purpose of the report, which was to determine if the extent and concentration of radioactive contaminants in the Forest Preserve have been accurately reported by government agencies.

If you have any questions about our review, please contact me directly at IDNS. My telephone number is 217-782-1322.

Sincerely,

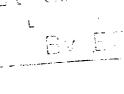
Richard Allen, Manager Office of Environmental Safety

Richard alle

782-1372

RA:jem

cc: Gary King, IEPA Rick Lanham, IEPA Jay Hunze, USDOE





#### ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF NUCLEAR SAFETY Review of SEARCH Technical Services Report on Site A/Plot M

#### January 1993

The Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety (IDNS) has conducted a review of the December 1, 1992, report entitled "Reactor Remains in Palos Park, Illinois," written by Linda Josephson of SEARCH Technical Services of Davenport, Washington. This report presents and discusses the results of analyses of samples taken from the Palos Park vicinity on September 12 and 13, 1992. The stated purpose of the study is to address public concerns that unburied radioactive material may be present at the site and that contamination of the area may exceed the levels and extent reported by government agencies.

In general we agree with the recommendations presented in the SEARCH Technical Services report, although we have concerns regarding the methodology described in the report. The methodology appears to be somewhat nonstandard, and the conclusions are generally not supported by the presented evidence and do not directly answer the stated purpose of the report (i.e., to determine if the extent and concentration of radioactive contaminants in the Palos Park Forest Preserve have been accurately reported by government agencies).

Concerning the methodology used, there is no discussion about how sampling locations were selected, nor how samples were collected. From the map it is impossible to determine if sampling locations were randomly selected, although they appear to have been selected nonrandomly. As for the analyses of the samples, the methods used are typical of those that might be done for an initial environmental survey. The exception is the strontium analysis method. IDNS is not familiar with methods for determining beta emitters using a sodium iodide detector.

The results do not contradict results obtained by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) or IDNS, and do not identify any new sources of contamination. This apparently satisfies the stated objective of the report, but this is not reflected in the conclusion section. To be more useful, the report should compare the current findings with previous studies by IDNS and DOE. These previous studies show a wide range of alpha, beta, and gamma emitting radionuclides present at the site, some of which are naturally occurring, some are present as fallout from nuclear testing, and some originate from the former Manhattan Project facilities and waste. It is not clear why the study focused on gamma emitters.

We consider the practice of reporting values greater than one but less than two standard deviations positive, but calling them not significant to be nonstandard and potentially confusing. This confusion extends to the discussion section of the report, where these not significant values for uranium are used to support questions about possible disposal or migration of waste into Saganashkee Slough.

The basis for the choice of 3 pCi/g as a standard for cleanup is not clear. Although it may be Westinghouse Hanford's practice to clean up to this level, 3 pCi/g is certainly not a consensus standard. Other standards could just as easily have been chosen, including the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission's guideline of 15 pCi/g. The confusion here lies in the difference between "standards" and "practices." In addition, there is no clear distinction between contamination levels and exposure levels from contamination. Both of these factors must be taken into consideration when developing decisions about potential health effects and cleanup criteria.

Most cleanups attempt to reduce concentrations to levels as low below federal standards (levels required by law or regulation) as reasonably achievable, given the limitation of existing technologies. Thus while Westinghouse Hanford may aim to reduce concentrations to 3 pCi/g in practice, they are not required to do so by any federal standard. It appears that in this report the assumption is made that "current cleanup standards" should be taken as "a threshold of potential harm," and that the Westinghouse Hanford level should be that standard. This approach is not consistent with basic radiation safety criteria and practices that are set to protect potentially exposed populations from stochastic (nonthreshold) effects.

IDNS agrees with the report's observation that over time erosion will likely uncover buried material. In our opinion it is difficult to speculate about the condition of the Plot M concrete box, but we do suggest that closer examination of the box and close monitoring of other areas of the park may be warranted.

The conclusion that "similar excessively contaminated exposed material is probably widely present at the site" is not supported by data presented in the report, but could be gleaned from the work of DOE, Oak Ridge Associated Universities, and IDNS. The report could have more concisely addressed this concern by reviewing and referencing previous studies of contamination in the forest preserve.

We agree with the recommendation that the site should be remediated, although we feel the standards for cleanup should be based on nationally recognized standards rather than local practices. IDNS recognizes that the Cook County Forest Preserve District reserves the right to restrict access to sections of the preserve as it deems appropriate to protect public health and safety. All radiation levels detected and reported to date are below IDNS rules (32 Ill. Adm. Code 340) that require access restrictions, although we defer to the Forest Preserve District's authority and judgment in this matter.

To summarize, IDNS found this study to be reasonably standard in approach, although there were some areas of concern. The study did not result in any new findings, but does speculate about present and possible future conditions at the site, apparently on the basis of information derived from previous studies by DOE and others.

STATE OF ILLINOIS

DEPARTMENT OF REGISTRATION AND EDUCATION



# BEDROCK AQUIFERS OF NORTHEASTERN ILLINOIS

George M. Hughes
Paul Kraatz
Ronald A. Landon

Environmental Protection Agency
State of Illinois
Springfield, Illinois

ILLINOIS STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
John C. Frye, Chief
URBANA

CIRCULAR 406

1966

ISGS C406

## COOPERATIVE GROUNDWATER REPORT 10 ILLINOIS STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

ILLINOIS STATE WATER SURVEY Champaign, Illinois 61820

AUG 27 1985

RECEIVED

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
STATE OF ILLINOIS

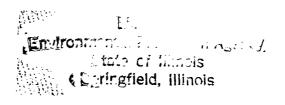
In cooperation with

United States Geological Survey Urbana, Illinois 61801



GEOLOGY, HYDROLOGY, AND WATER QUALITY
OF THE CAMBRIAN AND ORDOVICIAN SYSTEMS
IN NORTHERN ILLINOIS

Adrian P. Visocky, Marvin G. Sherrill, and Keros Cartwright



STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

1985

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STATE OF ILLINOIS
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DEPARTMENT OF REGISTRATION AND EDUCATION
VERA M. BINKS, Director

DIVISION OF THE
STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
JOHN C. FRYE, Chief
URBANA

CIRCULAR 198

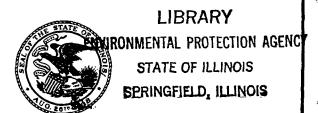
## GROUNDWATER POSSIBILITIES IN NORTHEASTERN ILLINOIS

A Preliminary Geologic Report

BY

R. E. BERGSTROM, J. W. FOSTER, LIDIA F. SELKREGG, and W. A. PRYOR

Service activities concerning groundwater are performed jointly by the Illinois State Geological Survey and the Illinois State Water Survey



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State of Illinois Springfield, Illinois

STATE OF ILLINOIS

DEPARTMENT OF REGISTRATION AND EDUCATION



# Rock Stratigraphy of the Silurian System in Northeastern and Northwestern Illinois

H. B. Willman

#### LIBRARY

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STATE OF ILLINOIS
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

ILLINOIS STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

John C. Frye, Chief

Urbana, IL 61801

CIRCULAR 479

1973



Illinois State Water Survey

Hydrology Division 2204 Griffith Drive Champaign, Illinois 61820-7495 Telephone (217) 333-4300 Telefax (217) 333-6540

February 17, 1993

Mr. Pete Sorensen Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 2200 Churchill Road Springfield, IL 62794 RECEIVED
FEB 24 1993
IEPA/DLPC

Dear Mr. Sorensen:

As you requested during our telephone conversation on January 6, we are enclosing a few available private water well records from our files for each of the following locations:

Non Responsive

Also included is a computer printout of municipal wells for these same locations, and an explanation of the Illinois State Water Survey PICS Database.

We hope this information will be of help to you. If you have any questions or if we can be of further assistance, please call.

Sincerely,

Vicky A. Jones Unical Assistant

Office of Ground-Water Information

Phone: (217) 333-9043

vaj/law

Enclosures as stated

Vitite Clay titl Goot, of Patific Health Yellow Copy — Inch Contractor Side Copy — Well Owner

FILE IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PAINTENT OF FUELIC MEALTH, ROOM 618, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLHIGIS, 62703. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Type of Well a. Dug
	Cure meterial Buried Slebt YesNo
	c. Drilled X Finished in Drift In Rock X
	Tubuler . Gravel Facked
	d. Grout: (ELLE)   ENOT (FL)   TO (FL)
_	
2.	Distance to Mecrest:  Emploing 20 Ft. Seepage Tile Field 75 Ft.
	Cess Peol Sewer (non Cast iron)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Frivy Sower (Cast iron) Sopile Tank FO for Barayand
	Leading Pit Masare Pile
3.	Is water from this well to be used for human consumption?
	Yes Y No
4.	Date well completed Aportics 22, 1974
5.	Permanent Pump Installed? You X No.
	Marufacturer inda 1 pe Eulipa.
_	Copecity 50 gpm. Dapth of serting 84 ft.
€.	
	Pitless Adaptor Installed? Yes X No No
	Well Disinfected? Yes X No
9.	Water Sample Submitted? Yes No X
RE	MARKS: Owner instructed to take sample.

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

. Size Hole below casing:		•	_
<ul> <li>Static levelft. below above ground level. Pumpi</li> </ul>	w casing top w		
. Static levelft. below	w casing top wing level 12		ng at _50
Static levelft. below above ground level. Pumpi gpm for2 hours.	w casing top wing level 12	ft. when pumpir	ng at _50
Static levelft. below above ground level. Pumpi gpm for2 hours.	w casing top wing level 12	ft. when pumpir	DEPTH OF
Static levelft. below above ground level. Pumpi gpm for2 hours.  FORMATIONS PASSED TOTAL TOTAL CO.	w casing top wing level 12	ft. when pumpir	DEPTH OF 52 1
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IDPH 4.055 16/68 White Copy — III. Dept. of Public Health Yellow Copy - Well Confractor Blue Copy - Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUES AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

#### ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.			•	100
				. Depth 2011.
			rried Slab: Yes_	
				Depthft.
			in Drift	In Rock A
		Gravel Po	icked	
	d. Grout:	(KIND)	PROM (Pt.)	TO (FL)
		Cutting	72	
		anning.	<del></del>	
		\	<del> </del>	
		L	<u> </u>	L
2.	Distance to Ne			
	Building	Ft.	Seepage Tile Fig	eld <i>7.5</i>
	Cess Pool			iron)
	Privy		Sewer (Cast iron	)
	Septic Tank		Barnyard	
	Leaching Pit_		Manure Pile	- <del></del>
3.	Well furnishes	water for human	consumption? Y	es_X No
4.	Date well comp	leted <u>/- 9-</u>	-85	
5.	Permanent Pum	p Installed? Ye	s X Daje 2 - 7	-00 No
	Manufacturer &	ed JacketTy	pe Sulan Loca	tion weel
	Copacity 50	2_gpMr. Depthof	Setting 60	)Ft.
6.	Well Top Seale	d? Yes_X_No	Туре	
7.	Pitless Adapte	r Installed? Y	es No	
	Manufacturer	William	AModel_Numl	per
	How attached t	o casing?	alted	<del></del>
8.	Well Disinfecte	ed? Yes <u>X</u>	No	•
9.	Pump and Equi	pment Disinfect	No Yes X	No
0.	Pressure Tank	Size Jagal.	Type 4	203
	Location/	UUUUAK	1011	
1.	Water Sample S	ubmitted?/Yes	No #	<u> </u>
RE	MARKS:		•	

	ELL RECO	nu
Non Responsive		
16. Size Hole below casing: 438 in.  17. Static level 5 1t. below casing top which above ground level. Pumping level 601t. gpm for 4 hours.		11. g at <u>150</u>
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	THICKNESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
1.0	0	5
Klass		
Sand Grazel	5-	33
Sand Granel	5 22	33 150
Sand Granel	5 22	17 150
Sand Granel	5 22	17 150
Sand Granel	5 22	33 150
Sand Granel	32	33 150
CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SIJEET IF MECESSARY)	32	77 150

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 6: STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINGIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGY. /WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

Non

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Tyre of Well  a. Dug Bored Hole Diamin. Depth
	Cillinge
2.	Eistance to Negrest:
	EuildingFt. Seepage Tile Field
	Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron)
	Privy Sewer (Cast iron)
	Septic Tank Barnyard
	Leaching Pit Manure Pile
3.	Is water from this well to be used for human consumption?
	Yes No
4.	Date well completed
5.	Permanent Pump In Called? Yes No
	is unidentified.
	Capacity gpm. Depth of setting ft.
	Will Top Scaled? Yes Y No
	Pitless Adaptor Installed? YesNo
	Woll Disinfected? Yes No
9.	Winter Sample Submitted? Yes No No
RE	MANKS:
	, PH 4.065 /68

G	EOLOGICAL	AND WATER	SURVEYS	WELL	RECO.	RD ,	
Respons	ive						
			_				
16. Siz	e Hole below	casing: 5	in.			<b>.</b> 7	
17. Sta	tic level <u>6</u>	≰ft. below cαs	sing top whi	ich is_	<del></del>	ا ي	t.
17. Sta	tic level <b>_6</b> 2 ve ground lev	≰ft. below cas el. Pumping le	sing top whi	ich is_ t. when	pumpin	32f	t. -
17. Sta	tic level <u>6</u>	≰ft. below cas el. Pumping le	sing top whi	ich is_ t. when	pumpin	<u>مک_</u> ا g at	t. -
17. Sta	tic level <u>62</u> ove ground lev n forho	≰ft. below cas el. Pumping le	sing top whi	t. when	pumpine CKNESS	g at	
17. Sta	tic level <u>62</u> ove ground lev n forho	≰ft. below cas el. Pumping le ours.	sing top whi	t. when	pumpin	DEPTH OF BOTTCM	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
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17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta	tic level 62  ove ground leven for ho  FORMATIONS	Ift. below casel. Pumping lebours.  B PASSED THROU	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta abo gpn 18.	tic level 62  ove ground level for her her her her her her her her her he	Aft. below casel. Pumping lepurs.  S PASSED THROUGH	sing top white	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta abo gpn 18.	tic level 62  ove ground level for her her her her her her her her her he	ARATE SHEET II	sing top white the state of the	t. when	pumpin	g at	
17. Sta abo gpn 18.	tic level _6 & ove ground level for ho for	Aft. below casel. Pumping lepurs.  S PASSED THROUGH	F NECESSAR	t. when	pumpin	g at	

4-213:587

White Copy — III. Dept. of Public Health Yellow Copy — Well Cuntractor Blue Copy - Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUEST AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT  1. Type of Well a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. 14 in. Depth 145ft. Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo b. Driven Drive Pipe Plainin. Depthft. c. Drilled _X Finished in Drift In Rock _X Tubular Gravel Packed d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (FL.) TO (FL.)	GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WE  (Knothwood Transwork)  10. Property owner COUNTY OF DU PAGE WATER  Address 421 N. County Farm Rd., When Driller GEORGE E. GAFFKE License Material License Materi	No. 102-234 10/25/83 DuPage
	Elev  15. Casing and Liner Pipe  Diam. (in.) Kind and Weight From (Ft.) To	
2. Distance to Neurest:  Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field  Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron)  Privy Sewer (Cast iron)  Septic Tank Barnyard  Leaching Pit Manure Pile  3. Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No X	14 Stee] +1½ 3  16. Size Hole below casing: 12½ in.  17. Static level 5 ft. below casing top which above ground level. Pumping level ft. w gpm for hours.	12 SECTION PLAT 1600'S  SECTIO
4. Date well completed 11/21/83  5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date No _X	18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	THICKNESS DEPTH OF BOTTOM
ManufacturerTypeLocationFt.	Brown Clay	10 10
6. Well Top Sealed? YesNoType	Broken Rock & Gravel	16 26
7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer Model Number	Limestone	119 145
How attached to casing?  8. Well Disinfected? YesNo  9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? YesNo  10. Pressure Tank Sizegal. Type  Location  11. Water Sample Submitted? YesNo  REMARKS:		
	(CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY)  SIGNED DAT	E3/29/84

IDPH 4.065 1/74 - KNB-1 A. F. hite Croy —
III. Dept. of Public Health
Illow Copy — Well Contractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORM ION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALT, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Type of Well
	a. Dug Bored Hole Diam.5in. Depth 20ft.
	Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo
	b. Driven Drive Pipe Diamin. Depth Coft.
	c. Drilled X. Finished in Drift In Rock X.
	Tubular Gravel Packed
	d Grout:
	(KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (Ft.)
	Cuttmas
	3
_	
2.	Distance to Newrest:
	Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field
	Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) (a)
	Privy Sewer (Cast iron)
	Septic Tank Barnyard
	Leaching Pit Manure Pile
	Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes X No
4.	Date well completed 5-17-76
5.	
	Manufacturer Dana Typolic Typo
	Capacitygpm. Depth of Setting 105Ft.
6.	Well Top Sealed? Yes_X_NoType
7.	Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No
	Manufacturer Lilliams Model Number
	Manufacturer Model Number How attached to casing?
8.	Well Disinfected? Yes / No
9.	
10.	
	Location Basement
11.	Water Sample Submitted? YesNoX
RE	MARKS:

#### GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEY.		
on Responsive		
6 Size Hole below easing: \\		
6. Size Hole below casing:in. 7. Static level (20 ft. below casing top where the casing the casing top where the case w	hich is 2	f
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top wi	hich is <u> </u>	f
	hich is <u> </u>	f g at
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105	ft. when pumping	g atf
7. Static level 6 ft. below casing top when above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	g at
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 6 ft. below casing top when above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for hours.  3. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top when above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for hours.  3. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTHON BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top when above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for hours.  3. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top when above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for hours.  3. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTHON BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTHON BOTTOM
7. Static level ( ) ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for hours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  (Over bunden)  Limitations	THICKNESS  105  25	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
7. Static level 60 ft. below casing top what above ground level. Pumping level 105 gpm for bours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	THICKNESS  105  25	DEPTHON BOTTOM

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO DRILLERS

White Copy —
III. Copt. of P: Health
Yellow Copy — Well Intractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUEST. AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, ST. OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Type of Well  a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. 5 in. Depth 150 ft.  Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo
	b. Driven Drive Pipe Dicmin. Depthft.
	c. Drilled X. Finished in Drift In Rock X.
	Tubular Gravel Packed
	d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (Ft.)
2.	Distance to Negrest:  Building 35 Ft. Seepage Tile Field 75
	Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron)
	Privy Sewer (Cast iron)
	Septic Tank 50 Barnyard
	Leaching Pit Manure Pile
3.	Is water from this well to be used for human consumption?
	Yes X No
4.	Yes X No Date well completed 2/18/74
5.	Permanent Pumo Installed? Yes X No
	Permanent Pumo Installed? Yes X No Manufacturer Reda Type Submersible
	Capacity 10 gpm. Depth of setting 100' ft.
6.	Well Top Sealed? Yes X No No
	Pitless Adaptor Installed? Yes X No No
٠.	Well Disinfected? Yes X No No
9.	Water Sample Submitted? YesNoX
REI	MARKS: Owner instructed to take sample.

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

h 1, 14	1 :	
n Responsive		
above ground level. Pumping level 60 gpm for 2 hours.		-
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	. THICKNESS	HOTTOM
Drift	80	80
Limestone	70	150
<del></del>		<u> </u>
		<del> </del>
		<del> </del>
·		
(CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET) IF NECESSA	1000	
Doner Wesma	NK I )	
1 1/3 1 1 0 1 1/1 - CO191 Circ		

IDPH 4.065 10/68 White Copy—
III. Dept. of Pu Health
Yellow Copy—Will ntractor
Blue Copy—Will Onner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUEST AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, ST. OFFICE EMILLING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL / W. ER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

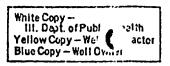
#### ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

E E E E 196	5 0
le Diam. 5 in. Depth 125	Lit.
ried Slab: YesNo	
Diramin. Depth	It.
n Drift In RockX cked	<del></del> •
. Ked	
FROM (Pt.) TO (Pt.)	
o ma mara	751
Seepage Tile Field	
•	
<del>-</del>	
•	
ed for number consumption?	
174	
ac X No	
Type Sulmersil	δle
h of setting 80'	ft.
No	
·No	x
ed to take sample.	
Seepage Tile Field Sewer (non Cast iron) Sewer (Cast iron) Barnyard Manure Pile ed for human consumption?	b1e

#### GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

Responsive		
6. Size Hole below casing: 5 in.		•
7 Static love! It below accion ton w	biob in	53 Er
17. Static levelft. below casing top wi	hich is It. when pumpir	<u>3</u> ft.
17. Static levelft. below casing top washeve ground level. Pumping level 20hours.	hich is H. whea pumpir	8 ft.
17. Static levelft, below casing top washing above ground level. Pumping level 20 gpm for 2hours.	tt. when pumpir	ıg at <u>1Ω</u>
7. Static levelft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 20 gpm for 2 hours.  [8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumpir	ıg at <u>1Ω</u>
7. Static levelft, below casing top washing above ground level. Pumping level 20hours.	tt. whea pumpir	DEPTHOR
7. Static levelft. below casing top water above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
7. Static levelft. below casing top washed ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours. 8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
7. Static levelft. below casing top washed ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours. 8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
7. Static levelft. below casing top water above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
7. Static levelft. below casing top water above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  8. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
17. Static levelft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
17. Static levelft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
17. Static levelft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. whea pumpir	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41
17. Static levelft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 20gpm for 2hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  Drift	tt. when pumpit track ness 41. 64	19 at 10 PERTIL OF HOTTON 41

IDPH 4,065 10/58



FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTE ND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Curb materia b. Driven c. Drilled	nl Bu Drive Pipe Finished i	ried Slab: Yes.  Diamin  Drift	n. Depth ft. No ft. Depth ft. In Rock
	Tubular d. Grout:	Gravel Pa	FROM (Ft.)	
2.	Privy Septic Tank	<u>5</u> Ft.	Sewer (non Cas	ield t iron) n)
	Yes	nis well to be us No	ed for human co -	nsumption? -
5.	Permanent Purm Manufacturer J. Capacity	p Installed? Y	Type_di	No
6. 7	Well Top Seale	d? Yes	No	 Чо
8.	Well Disinfecto	d? Yes/	No	
9.	Water Sample S	ubmitted? Yes	s	No
	MARKS:			

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

Responsive		
16. Size Hole below casing:in. 17. Static levelft. below casing top w	hich is	f
16. Size Hole below casing:in.  17. Static levelft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping levelgpm forhours.	hich isft. when pumping	g at ZC
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top will above ground level. Pumping level	ft. when pumping	at / C
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top will above ground level. Pumping level 15 gpm for 1 hours.	ft. when pumping	
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top with above ground level. Pumping level 15 gpm for 1 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ft. when pumping	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 15 gpm for 1 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	THICKNESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
17. Static level	THICKNESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 12 gpm for 2 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  18. CLLCW CLLCY  FINE CRAMER ANCH	THICKNESS	DEPTH OF HOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 12 gpm for 1 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  AUBLACK SOIL  LELEW CLAY  FINE CRAMEL  LARGE BOLDER	THICKNESS  O  C)  3  10  15	DEPTH OF HOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 12 ft. below 12 ft. be	THICKNESS  () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 15 gpm for 1 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  AU BLACK SCIL  LELLOW CLAY  FINE CRAMER  BLUE CLAY  SINGTERIVEL	THICKNESS  O  C)  3  10  15	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 15 gpm for 1 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  AU BLACK SCIL  LELLOW CLAY  FINE CRAMER  BLUE CLAY  SINGTERIVEL	THICKNESS  O  C)  3  10  15	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
17. Static level 12 ft. below casing top we above ground level. Pumping level 15 gpm for 1 hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH  AU BLACK SCIL  LELLOW CLAY  FINE CRAMER  BLUE CLAY  SINGTERIVEL	THICKNESS  CO CO S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	DEPTH OF BOTTOM

IDPH 4.065 10/68

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO DRILLERS

White Copy —
III. Dept. of Put lealth
Yellow Copy — We tractor
Blue Copy — Well Other

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTE. IND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DE-PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, ROOM 616, STATE OFFICE BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62706. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WALL R SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Type of Well			
	a. Dug Bo	ored Ho	le Diamin	. Depthft.
	Curb material	Bu	ried Slab: Yes_	No
	b. Driven	Drive Pipe	e Diam. <u>5</u> in.	Depth 100 ft.
	c. Drilled _X_			In Rock X
	Tubular	Gravel Pa	cked	
	d. Grout:	(KIND)	FROM (Ft.)	TO (Ft.)
	<u> </u>			
	<del> -</del>	· ·		
	}-			
	L	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	L
2.	Distance to Near			
	Building	<u>5</u> Ft.	Seepage Tile Fi	eld
	Cess Pool	<del> </del>	Sewer (non Cast	iron)
	PrivySeptic Tank <u>Cr</u> Leaching Pit	<del></del> .	Sewer (Cast iron	)
	Septic Tank <u>L.</u>	ly sewer	Barnyard	
	Leaching Pit		Manure Pile	
3.	Is water from this	s well to be us	ed for human con	sumption?
	Yes!	No	<del>.</del>	
4.	Date well comple	eted	15-69	
5.	Permanent Pump	Installed? Y	esX	No
	Manufacturer	RedA	Type <u> </u>	bmerible
	Capacity 16	gpm. Dept	th of setting	<u>120</u> ft.
6.	Well Top Sealed	? Yes <u> </u>	No	
7.	Pitless Adaptor	Installed? Y	'esN	o
8.	Well Disinfected	? Yes	No	
9.	Water Sample Sub	omitted? Yes	s N	loX
RE	MARKS: Y cy 4	4 un sinc	xce Taley	suld.
			d	
عمار	ocated m	the oth		

IDPH	4.065
10/68	

#### GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

10. Propert	y owner SEFARA Bus	LdERS	Well No.		
	s 1133 Longmendow				
Driller	KURT KUEhN	Licens	e No. 9	2-1	17
11. Permit	No. 8455	Date <u>\$</u>	EPT 3	0 19	769
12. Water f	No. 8455 rom Line STONE	13. Сош	nty Du I	<u>A 6</u>	<u>. ح</u>
at dept	th toft.	Sec.			
	: Diam. Nor e in.		. 37N		
Length	::ft. Slot	Rge	. <u>11E</u>	-	<del>╎╴╎</del>
15. Casing	and Liner Pipe	Elev	/		
Diam. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.)		SHOW
.5	15	0	100		CATION IN TION PLAT
		<del></del>			
17. Static	ole below casing: 5 level 80 ft. below casi	ng top which	ch is	8"	ft.
	ground level. Pumping lev	el <u>/30</u> it.	when pu	mpınd	g at _/£2
18.	FORMATIONS PASSED THROUG	эн	тніск	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
BL	ACK DIRT			0_	NONE
<u> 40</u>	LLOW CLAY			<u> </u>	25
BL	ue CLAY		3	6	61
Ina	vel	···	2	0	81
	and			8	<b>\$9</b>
Fi	ve GRAVEL		1	/	100
	me Stone		6	0	160
<del></del>					
(CONTINU	E ON SEPARATE SHEET IF	NECESSARY	n	·	<del></del>
SIGNED	- Kurt. Kini	/nr	TE_/	<u>- 2</u>	1-64

# line: additional data from duller

(13210—20M—3-55) 2

·				
Page 1 ILLINOIS GEO	DLOGICAL SURVEY,	URBA	NA	
Strata.		Thiotores	Тор	Bettem
Examined by T.	C. Buschbach 9	/49		
PLEISTOCENE SYSTEM Sand, very silt ous, brownish leached Sand and gravel silty Till, calcareou gray ORDOVICIAN SYSTEM Platteville form	s, dolomitic, ss, brownish sation	10 20		15 25 45
Dolomite, light fine to medium	grayish buff,	30		75 TD
Industry  In . Jay  Land  Land		21 24	·	4 25 49 75 1holi
company J. T. Ander FARM Collins, Ph DATE DRILLED 1942 January Authority T. C. Busch ELEVATION 580' est T. LOCATION 500' S line COUNTY GRUNDY S	illip No. Y COUNTY NO. bach M. , 200 W line o	f se 10	×234×2-7	) <u>.</u>

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO DRILLERS

hite Copy —

11. Dept. of Public Health
allow Copy — Well Contractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFO TION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALT, BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62701. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT	on Responsive	
1. Type of Well  a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. in. Depth Lit.  Curb material Buried Slab: YesNo  b. Driven Drive Pipe Diam. in. Depthit.  c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rock  Tubular Gravel Packed  d. Grout:		
(KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (Ft.)		
2. Distance to Nearest:  Building O Ft. Seepage Tile Field  Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron)  Privy Septic Tank O Barnyard  Leaching Pit Manure Pile	16. Size Hole below casing:in.  17. Static level 20 ft. below casing top which is_above ground level. Pumping level 20 ft. when	
3. Is water from this well to be used for human consumption?  Yes No	gpm for hours.  18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH THE	ICKNESS DEPTH OF
4. Date well completed	Dop Sail C	
Capacity gpm. Depth of setting ft.  6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Williams attached to case.  7. Pitless Adaptor Installed? Yes No No Capacitation.  8. Well Disinfected? Yes No (pasket connection)	3	23/2/2901
9. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No No No REMARKS: 202 WXT gal. present task located in Russe		
IDPH 4.065 10-72	(CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY)  SIGNED An Line DATE	5/15/74
KNB-1	P. A. Almarca (S)	

Originaly drille for TO Merce. County\_ Krundy City Morris R. F.D. 2 Non Responsive Contractor Long anderson. Address Morris Cell. 7.  $Q_{1} \leq 21$  Elev. above sea level top of well Date drilled\_ ebbles Oft to 26 ft. Sand 26 f  $_{ t Where filed}_{ t }$ Were drill cuttings saved Size hole 4 Lyv. If reduced, where and how much Distance to water when not pumping. Distance to water is\_\_\_\_ feet after pumping at\_ \_\_\_\_\_G. P. M. for\_\_\_\_\_ hours. Reference point for above measurements\_ 31 / 7 / Link 3 × 16 6 mm Cylinds \_Distance to cylinder\_\_ Type of pump\_ 531411/2 super Length of suction pipe below cylinder\_\_\_\_\_ Length of cylinder\_\_\_ Length stroke 6 in . \_\_\_\_Speed\_ Hours used per day 10 Minutes Type of power Fas Engine Rating of motor 2 H. P. Rating of pump in G. P. M. Can following be measured: (1) Static water level\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_(3) Discharge\_ (2) Pumping level\_\_\_\_ (4) Influence on other wells ? ?..... \_\_\_\_\_Was water sample collected\_\_\_ Temperature of water\_ Effect of water on meters, hot water Date coils, etc. no effect: Wedness refterater, Verylittle leine.

Recorder Whilet & Chapton

Date March 13-1934

Date of Analysis\_

Analysis No.

# REACTOR REMAINS IN PALOS PARK, ILLINOIS

By Linda Josephson

1 December 1992

SERRCH. tec

technical services

HCR Box 17 phone or fax

Davenport, WA 99122 (509) 725-6666

#### SUMMARY

Eighteen samples of water, vegetation, soil and debris were collected from the vicinity of the former Manhattan Project reactor and disposal site, known as Site A/Plot M, located in Cook County's Palos Park Forest Preserve, southwest of Chicago. These samples were analyzed for gamma radioactivity to determine if government surveys portray the extent of contamination at the site.

This limited sampling found graphite, apparently former reactor moderator material, with 7.8 pCi/g of europium-152 activity in an exposed, supposedly non-radioactive dumpsite, and soil contaminated with cesium-137 activity equivalent to the maximum previously reported. These contamination levels require remedial cleanup of the site.

**Environmental Review for Site A/Plot M, Palos Forest Preserve, Cook County, Illinois** 

Environmental Assessment and Information Sciences Division
Argonne National Laboratory



Operated by The University of Chicago, under Contract W-31-109-Eng-38, for the

**United States Department of Energy** 

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